Gr 5-8 Review

Name:

**Weighted Averages** 

APP 15% KU 35% **COMM** 10%

 $\frac{19}{33}$ 

**Exponents** 

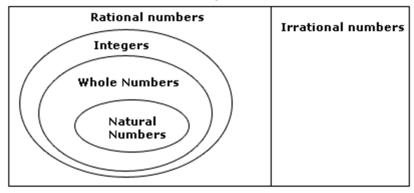
**Scientific Notation** 

# **Square Roots**

#### **Number Sets**

The Real Number System

<u>5</u>



**Prime numbers** 

**Composite numbers** 

**Order of Operations** 

**Brackets** 

**Exponents** Grouping Divide Exponents Multiply Multiply Add Add

Subtract

 $(-3)(-2)^3$  $17 - 9 \div 3 \times 2$ 

**Symbols and Words** 

not equal to infinity

square root parallel to

element of perpendicular to

congruent to degree for angles

similar to percent (6-9)-(8-(-5))

 $\frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{6}{10} - \frac{1}{5} \right)$ 

Gr 5-8 Review

Integers

-13 -12 -11 -10 -9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

We use integers for:

- •\_\_\_\_\_
- Sign Rules
  (+)(+) = \_\_\_\_ (+)(-) = \_\_\_\_
  (-)(-) = \_\_\_ (-)(+) = \_\_\_\_

### Adding & Subtracting Integers

1. -2 + 7 - 4 - 3 + 1

- Add all of the positive numbers together
- Add all of the negative numbers together
- Which are there the most of, and by how much
- 3. -10 + 4 + 7 2 + 8 4 + 1
- 4. 3 7 12 + 4 + 10 8 + 2

Even # of Negatives = \_\_\_\_

Odd # of Negatives = \_\_\_\_

#### Multiplication

Evaluate each of the following:

- a)  $-2 \times 5 \times 1$
- b) 3(-2)(10)(-1)
- c) -2 (-5) (-12)

#### Division

Evaluate each of the following:

a) 15 ÷ –3

b)  $\frac{(-5)(-4)}{10}$ 

c)  $\frac{(-5)(-2)(-3)}{(-6)(-1)}$ 

# Don't Get Confused!

Evaluate each of the following:

a)  $\frac{25-9\times2}{6\div(3\times2)}$ 

- b)  $\frac{5^2-1}{5-(-1)}$
- c)  $\frac{7+2(3-5)}{-3}$

#### **Cartesian Plane**

To describe the location of points on a plane we use the Cartesian Coordinate System.

Definitions:

x-axis - the \_\_\_\_\_ number line which extends left and right.

y-axis - the \_\_\_\_\_ number line which extends up and down.

origin - the point \_\_\_\_\_ where the axes meet

ordered pair - a point of the form \_\_\_\_\_ located on a Cartesian plane

x-coordinate - the \_\_\_\_\_ number in an ordered pair describing the \_\_\_\_\_ position of the point.

y-coordinate - the \_\_\_\_\_ number in an ordered pair describing the \_\_\_\_\_ position of the point.

quadrant - the \_\_\_\_\_ regions created by the \_\_\_\_\_

Indicate the coordinates of the following points:

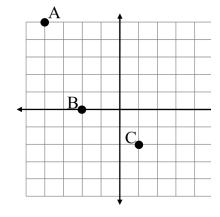
A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

C:

Represent the following points on the graph:

- D: (5, 1)
- F: (3, -1)
- E: (-2, 4)
- G: (-4, -2)



In which of the following quadrants are these points located? Plot the points.

J: (2, -3)

K: (-5, 1)

Determine the coordinates of **point H**, which has an x-coordinate that is 5 more than **point B** and is located in quadrant 4.

Determine the coordinates of **point I**, which is located on the x-axis and has one of the same coordinates as **point A**.

#### Gr 5-8 Review

Name:

#### **Fractions**



Improper Fraction Fraction

Mixed Fraction

### **Finding GCF**

- -Break down into factors
- -Choose greatest in common

#### Finding LCD

- -Break down using a common factor
- -Multiply by missing factors

# Borrowing if needed

$$9\frac{2}{4} - 1\frac{11}{14}$$

-Need to borrow if  $\mathbf{1}^{\text{st}}$  numerator is smaller than the

-Borrow ONE WHOLE from the whole #

-Use the denominator to rewrite the ONE as a fraction

*Note*: ONE=
$$\frac{2}{2} = \frac{5}{5}$$
 etc...

### **Reducing Fractions**

-Break down using a common factor -Cancel

#### Reciprocals - flip fraction

#### **Negative Signs**

- best to place negative in the numerator

### Add/Subtract

$$1\frac{11}{14} + 8\frac{5}{35}$$

-Don't change to improper fractions (numbers may become big)

-Find LCD (see steps above)

-Add/Subtract whole numbers separately from numerators. KEEP the denominator the same

-Reduce

$$2\frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{4}{5}$$

-MUST change to improper fractions

-Multiply 
$$\frac{\text{top} \times \text{top}}{\text{bottom} \times \text{bottom}}$$

-Reduce

-Any top # can reduce with any bottom #

-ONLY do for

MULTIPLICATION

Divide

$$2\frac{1}{4} \div 3\frac{3}{5}$$

-MUST change to improper fractions

-Instead of dividing by a fraction, multiply by its reciprocal.

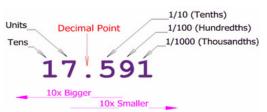
Dealing with whole numbers

Put ONE under whole #s

Gr 5-8 Review

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Decimals** 



Rate

Comparison of two quantities with DIFFERENT units. Ex. Speed km/h Ex. Wage \$/hr

Sarah drove 180 km in 3 hours. How far did she drive in 1 hour?

Comparing decimals

Rounding
13.54897 to the nearest hundredth

Jamie bought bananas for \$3.65. They weighed 6 lbs. What is the unit rate?

0.402

0.42 1.81134 to the nearest thousandth.

0.375 0.2 **Percent** Convert

60%

0.875

Convert

0.52

Determine the sale price if a shirt that costs \$59.95 is 20% off.

If 15% of a number is 30, find the number.

-Create an equation

-Find % of a number -Subtract the discount

-Solve

**Ratio & Proportion** 

Comparison of two (or more) quantities with the SAME unit. Ex. Scale for maps 1:1000

Written as:

Colon Fraction Words

1: 6: x = 3: y: 9 -Convert to fraction format

-Cross multiply two ratios at a time to solve

A radio costs \$159.00. Calculate the cost including tax.

-Find tax only Add to the total You earn \$150 each week plus 6% commission on your sales

If x is the amount of your sales, write an equation for your earnings

Gr 5-8 Review

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Evaluate** 

if x = -2, y = 3, z = -1

 $x^2 + 2xy + z^2$ 

-Replace each variable with the given number

-Brackets are important if there's multiplication there's an exponent

there's multiple terms inside a fraction

**Translate** 

+	-	×	÷	=
add plus sum increased by in addition to greater than added to	subtract     minus     difference     decreased by     subtracted from     less than     diminished by     take away	<ul> <li>multiply</li> <li>times</li> <li>product</li> <li>of</li> <li>multiplied by</li> <li>doubled (× 2)</li> <li>tripled (× 3)</li> <li>power (× itself)</li> </ul>	divide     divided by     per     quotient     divident /     divisor	equals     the same as     equal to     as much as     the result     the answer     is     the solution

Three less than the product of five and a number is twenty-seven.

Solve

x - 2 = 4

-Undo operations -Do the same operation to BOTH 5x = 20

sides of =

3x - 2 = 4 -Undo weaker

operations 1<sup>st</sup>, ie. undo in SAMDEB order  $12 = -2 - \frac{x}{3}$ 

Bob has \$5 more in his pocket than Kate. Together they have \$45.

**Problem Solving Plan** 

Givens Required

Analyze

Solve + check

Solution statement

Strategies

-Draw diagram -Work backward -Look for a pattern

(organize in a list)

-Use an equation

-Solve a similar by simpler problem

**Communication Ques** 

-Describe -Explain

-Show steps

-Find mistake

-Define -Compare

-Represent

-Give reasons -Find a pattern Representing Solution

Numerically (table)

Algebraically (equation)

Graphically

Diagramatically

Describe with words