Identify what each of the statements indicates about the function.
 Where multiple statements are given, provide a conclusion that can
 be drawn from the group of statements.

a) 
$$f'(10) = 0$$

c) 
$$q'(x) > 0$$
 for  $x > 8$ 

e) 
$$s''(x) < 0 \text{ for } x < 9$$

g) 
$$h'(-3) = 0$$
 and  $h''(-3) < 0$ 

i) 
$$w'(4) = 0$$
  
 $w'(x) < 0 \text{ for } x < 4$   
 $w'(x) > 0 \text{ for } x > 4$ 

k) 
$$a''(6) = 0$$
  
 $a''(x) < 0 \text{ for } x < 6$   
 $a''(x) > 0 \text{ for } x > 6$ 

b) 
$$p'(x) < 0$$
 for  $0 < x < 5$ 

d) 
$$r''(x) > 0$$
 for  $-2 < x < 2$ 

f) 
$$g'(5) = 0$$
 and  $g''(5) > 0$ 

h) 
$$v'(15) = 0$$
  
 $v'(x) > 0 \text{ for } x < 15$   
 $v'(x) < 0 \text{ for } x > 15$ 

j) 
$$m'(3) = 0$$
  
 $m'(x) < 0 \text{ for } x < 3$   
 $m'(x) < 0 \text{ for } x > 3$ 

1) 
$$b''(12) = 0$$
  
 $b''(x) < 0 \text{ for } x < 12$   
 $b''(x) < 0 \text{ for } x > 12$ 

2. Information is supplied regarding a function f. Provide conclusions that can be drawn from the given information. Using the information provided, sketch a possible graph of y = f(x).

a) 
$$f'(-1) = f'(0) = f'(4) = 0$$
  
 $f'(x) < 0 \text{ for } \{x \mid x < -1, 0 < x < 4, x \in R\}$   
 $f'(x) > 0 \text{ for } \{x \mid -1 < x < 0, x > 4, x \in R\}$ 

b) Domain of 
$$f\{x \mid x > 2, x \in R\}$$
  
 $f'(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid x > 2, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(x) < 0$  for  $\{x \mid x > 2, x \in R\}$   
 $f'(x)$  is never zero  
 $f''(x)$  is never zero

c) 
$$f'(-1) = f'(2) = 0$$
  
 $f''(0) = f'(2) = 0$   
 $f'(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid -1 < x < 2, x > 2, x \in R\}$   
 $f'(x) < 0$  for  $\{x \mid x < -1, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(-1) > 0, f''(2) = 0$   
 $f''(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid x < 0, x > 2, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(x) < 0$  for  $\{x \mid 0 < x < 2, x \in R\}$ 

d) 
$$f(3) = f(-3) = 0$$
  
 $f'(0) = 0$   
 $f'(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid x > 3, -3 < x < 0, x \in R\}$   
 $f'(x) < 0$  for  $\{x \mid x < -3, 0 < x < 3, x \in R\}$ 

e) 
$$f'(3) = 0$$
  
 $f''(3) = 0$   
 $f''(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid x < 3, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid x > 3, x \in R\}$ 

f) 
$$f'(0) = f'(6) = 0$$
  
 $f''(0) > 0$   
 $f''(6) < 0$   
 $f''(10) = f''(2) = 0$   
 $f''(x) > 0 \text{ for } \{x \mid x < 2, x > 10, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(x) < 0 \text{ for } \{x \mid 2 < x < 10, x \in R\}$ 

g) 
$$f(-4) = f(0) = f(4) = 0$$
  
 $f'(-2) = f'(0) = f'(2) = 0$   
 $f'(x) < 0$  for  $\{x \mid -2 < x < 0, 0 < x < 2, x \in R\}$   
 $f'(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid x < -2, x > 2, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(x) > 0$  for  $\{x \mid -1 < x < 0, x > 1, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(x) < 0$  for  $\{x \mid x < -1, 0 < x < 1, x \in R\}$ 

ELSYLAMA IVAUD

h) 
$$f'(4) = 0$$
  
 $f''(4) = 0$   
 $f''(x) < 0 \text{ for } \{x \mid x < 4, x \in R\}$   
 $f''(x) < 0 \text{ for } \{x \mid x > 4, x \in R\}$ 

i) 
$$f(0) = 0$$
  
 $f''(x) > 0 \text{ for } x \neq 0$   
 $\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} f'(x) = \infty$   
 $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$   
 $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = \infty$ 

## U 9 4 3. Match each of the twelve graphs (a-1) with the correct graph (A-L) of its derivative.

Sketch the graph of the derivative for the relation below.

