

HW: p.450 #6,8,9,12-15

14. You are given the two lines  $L_1: x = 4 + 2t, y = 4 + t, z = -3 - t, t \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $L_2: x = -2 + 3s, y = -7 + 2s, z = 2 - 3s, s \in \mathbb{R}$ . If the point  $P_1$  lies on  $L_1$  and the point  $P_2$  lies on  $L_2$ , determine the coordinates of these two points if  $\overrightarrow{P_1P_2}$  is perpendicular to each of the two lines. (Hint: The vector  $\overrightarrow{P_1P_2}$  is perpendicular to the direction vector of each of the two lines.)

$L_1$  direction vector  $(2, 1, -1)$   
 $L_2$  dir. vector  $(3, 2, -3)$  > cross product will be  $\perp$  to both

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \times \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$(-3+2, -3+6, 4-3)$$

$$\text{let } \overrightarrow{P_1P_2} = k(-1, 3, 1) \quad \text{let } P_1 = (x_1, y_1, z_1) \text{ on } L_1$$

$$\text{may be longer/shorter}$$

$$x_1 - x_2 = -1k$$

$$\text{let } P_2 = (x_2, y_2, z_2) \text{ on } L_2$$

$$y_1 - y_2 = 3k$$

$$z_1 - z_2 = 1k$$

$$4+2t - (-2+3s) = -1k$$

$$4+t - (-7+2s) = 3k$$

$$-3-t - (2-3s) = 1k$$

$$2t - 3s + k = -6$$

$$t - 3s - 3k = -11$$

$$-t + 3s - k = 5$$

$$(t = -1)$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -2s - 3k & = & -10 \\ 3s - k & = & 4 \\ \hline - & & -12 \end{array}$$

$$-11s = -22$$

$$(s = 2)$$

$$-(1) + 3(2) - k = 5$$

$$1 + 6 - 5 = k$$

$$\begin{matrix} 7-5 \\ 2=k \end{matrix}$$

check:

$$2(-1) - 3(2) + 2 \stackrel{?}{=} -6$$

$$-2 - 6 + 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\therefore P_1 = (4+2(-1), 4+(-1), -3-(-1))$$

$$P_1 = (2, 3, -2)$$

$$P_2 = (-2+3(2), -7+2(2), 2-3(2))$$

$$P_2 = (4, -3, -4)$$

13. A line with parametric equations  $x = 10 + 2s, y = 5 + s, z = 2, s \in \mathbb{R}$ , intersects a sphere with the equation  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$  at the points A and B. Determine the coordinates of these points.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (10+2s)^2 + (5+s)^2 + 2^2 = 9 \\
 & 4s^2 + 40s + 100 + 25 + 10s + s^2 + 4 - 9 = 0 \\
 & 5s^2 + 50s + 120 = 0 \\
 & 5(s^2 + 10s + 24) = 0 \\
 & 5(s+6)(s+4) = 0 \\
 & s = -6 \quad \text{or} \quad s = -4 \\
 & (-2, -1, 2) \quad \text{or} \quad (2, 1, 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

12. Determine the parametric equations of the line whose direction vector is

perpendicular to the direction vectors of the two lines  $\frac{x}{-4} = \frac{y+10}{-7} = \frac{z+2}{3}$

and  $\frac{x-5}{3} = \frac{y-5}{2} = \frac{z+5}{4}$  and passes through the point  $(2, -5, 0)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{c}_1) = (-4, -7, 3) \\
 & (\mathbf{a}_2, \mathbf{b}_2, \mathbf{c}_2) = (3, 2, 4) \\
 & \text{to both cross prod} \\
 & \begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & -4 & -7 & 3 & -4 & -7 & 3 \\
 & 3 & 2 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\
 \hline
 & -28-6 & 9+16 & -8+21 \\
 & (-34, 25, 13)
 \end{array} \\
 & \vec{r} = (2, -5, 0) + t(-34, 25, 13) \\
 & x = 2 - 34t \\
 & y = -5 + 25t \quad t \in \mathbb{R} \\
 & z = 13t
 \end{aligned}$$