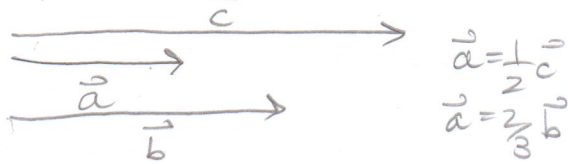


6.3

#7a

 $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are parallel

$$m\vec{c} + n\vec{b} = \vec{0}$$

$$m(2\vec{a}) + n\left(\frac{3}{2}\vec{a}\right) = \vec{0}$$

$$2m\vec{a} = -\frac{3}{2}n\vec{a}$$

$$\therefore 2m = -\frac{3}{2}n$$

$$m = -\frac{3}{4}n$$

There are many solutions as long as m and n are opposite sign and m is $\frac{3}{4}$ of n

only one equation but 2 unknowns
 \therefore many solutions possible

check:

ex. if $m = -6$ and $n = 8$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{then } m\vec{c} + n\vec{b} &= -6\vec{c} + 8\vec{b} \\ &= -6(2\vec{a}) + 8\left(\frac{3}{2}\vec{a}\right) \\ &= -12\vec{a} + 12\vec{a} \\ &= \vec{0} \end{aligned}$$

pick any n value solve for corresponding m value

$$\textcircled{b} \quad d\vec{a} + e\vec{b} + f\vec{c} = \vec{0}$$

$$d\vec{a} + e\left(\frac{3}{2}\vec{a}\right) + f(2\vec{a}) = \vec{0}$$

$$\therefore d + \frac{3}{2}e + 2f = 0$$

again since one equation but three unknowns many solutions possible

choose any value for 2 of the letters solve for the 3rd one - as one possible solution

ex. $e=2$ $f=3$ then $d + \frac{3}{2}(2) + 2(3) = 0$
 $d = -9$

check: $d\vec{a} + e\vec{b} + f\vec{c} = \vec{0}$

$$-9\vec{a} + 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\vec{a}\right) + 3(2\vec{a}) = \vec{0}$$

$$-9\vec{a} + 3\vec{a} + 6\vec{a} = \vec{0} \quad \checkmark \text{ works } \therefore$$