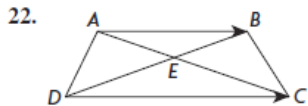
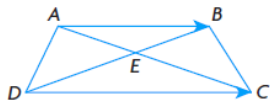


# 6.3\_22

January-22-13  
5:45 PM

22.  $ABCD$  is a trapezoid whose diagonals  $AC$  and  $BD$  intersect at the point  $E$ .  
If  $\vec{AB} = \frac{2}{3}\vec{DC}$ , prove that  $\vec{AE} = \frac{3}{5}\vec{AB} + \frac{2}{5}\vec{AD}$ .



Applying the triangle law for adding vectors shows

that  
 $\vec{AC} = \vec{AD} + \vec{DC}$

The given information states that

$$\vec{AB} = \frac{2}{3}\vec{DC}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}\vec{AB} = \vec{DC}$$

By the properties of trapezoids, this gives

$$\frac{3}{5}\vec{AE} = \vec{EC}, \text{ and since}$$

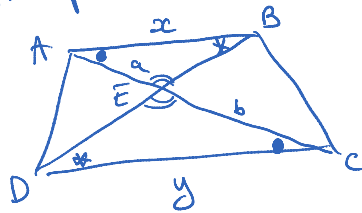
$\vec{AC} = \vec{AE} + \vec{EC}$ , the original equation gives

$$\vec{AE} + \frac{3}{2}\vec{AE} = \vec{AD} + \frac{3}{2}\vec{AB}$$

$$\frac{5}{2}\vec{AE} = \vec{AD} + \frac{3}{2}\vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{AE} = \frac{2}{5}\vec{AD} + \frac{3}{5}\vec{AB}$$

not proven.



$$\text{if } \frac{3}{2}x = y \text{ then } \frac{3}{2}a = b$$

$\vec{AB}$  is parallel to  $\vec{DC}$

$\therefore \angle ABD = \angle CDB$  \* by Z-pattern  
 $\angle BEA = \angle CED$   $\nrightarrow$  by X-pattern

$\therefore \triangle ABE \sim \triangle CDE$  (similar but different size  $\Delta$ 's since same shape)

similar  $\Delta$ 's means there's a scale factor that keeps sides proportional

$$\therefore \text{if } \frac{3}{2}x = y \text{ then } \frac{3}{2}a = b$$