

## Function Inverses

**State if the given functions are inverses.**

1) 
$$g(x) = 4 - \frac{3}{2}x$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$$

2) 
$$g(n) = \frac{-12 - 2n}{3}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{-5 + 6n}{5}$$

3) 
$$f(n) = \frac{-16 + n}{4}$$

$$g(n) = 4n + 16$$

4) 
$$f(x) = -\frac{4}{7}x - \frac{16}{7}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}$$

5) 
$$f(n) = -(n + 1)^3$$

$$g(n) = 3 + n^3$$

6) 
$$f(n) = 2(n - 2)^3$$

$$g(n) = \frac{4 + \sqrt[3]{4n}}{2}$$

7) 
$$f(x) = \frac{4}{-x - 2} + 2$$

$$h(x) = -\frac{1}{x + 3}$$

8) 
$$g(x) = -\frac{2}{x} - 1$$

$$f(x) = -\frac{2}{x + 1}$$

**Find the inverse of each function.**

9) 
$$h(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} - 3$$

10) 
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x} - 2$$

11) 
$$h(x) = 2x^3 + 3$$

12) 
$$g(x) = -4x + 1$$

$$13) \ g(x) = \frac{7x + 18}{2}$$

$$14) \ f(x) = x + 3$$

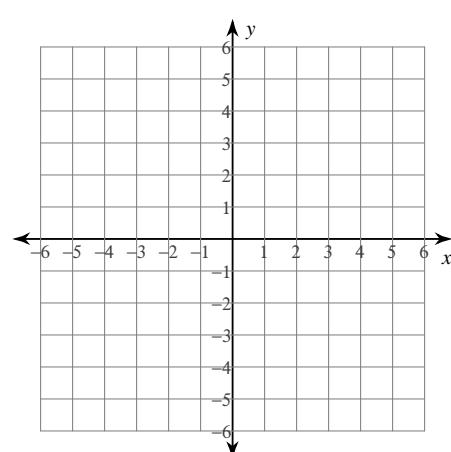
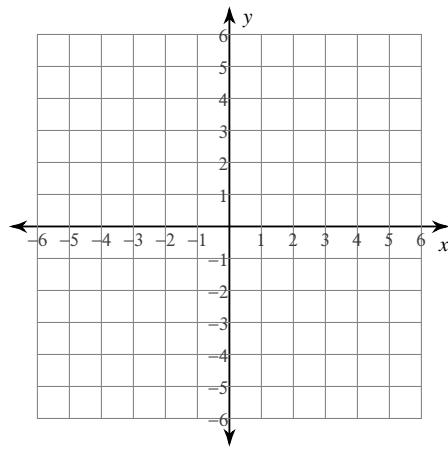
$$15) \ f(x) = -x + 3$$

$$16) \ f(x) = 4x$$

**Find the inverse of each function. Then graph the function and its inverse.**

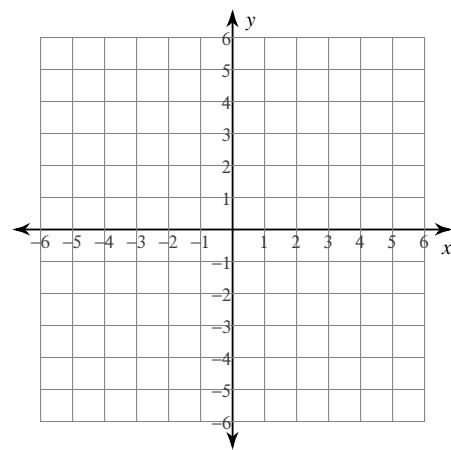
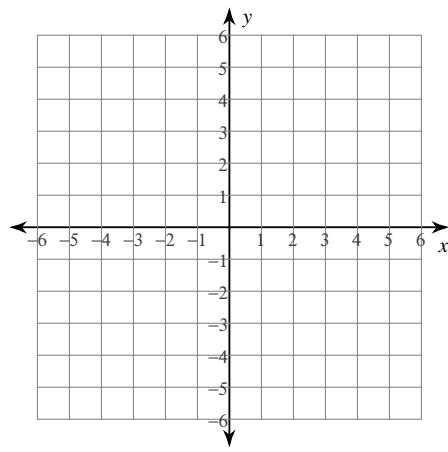
$$17) \ f(x) = -1 - \frac{1}{5}x$$

$$18) \ g(x) = \frac{1}{x - 1}$$



$$19) \ f(x) = -2x^3 + 1$$

$$20) \ g(x) = \frac{-x - 5}{3}$$



## Function Inverses

**State if the given functions are inverses.**

1)  $g(x) = 4 - \frac{3}{2}x$

$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$

No

2)  $g(n) = \frac{-12 - 2n}{3}$

$f(n) = \frac{-5 + 6n}{5}$

No

3)  $f(n) = \frac{-16 + n}{4}$

$g(n) = 4n + 16$

Yes

4)  $f(x) = -\frac{4}{7}x - \frac{16}{7}$

$g(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{3}{2}$

No

5)  $f(n) = -(n + 1)^3$

$g(n) = 3 + n^3$

No

6)  $f(n) = 2(n - 2)^3$

$g(n) = \frac{4 + \sqrt[3]{4n}}{2}$

Yes

7)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{-x - 2} + 2$

$h(x) = -\frac{1}{x + 3}$

No

8)  $g(x) = -\frac{2}{x} - 1$

$f(x) = -\frac{2}{x + 1}$

Yes

**Find the inverse of each function.**

9)  $h(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} - 3$

$h^{-1}(x) = (x + 3)^3$

11)  $h(x) = 2x^3 + 3$

$h^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x - 3}{2}}$

10)  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x} - 2$

$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{x + 2}$

12)  $g(x) = -4x + 1$

$g^{-1}(x) = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}$

$$13) \ g(x) = \frac{7x + 18}{2}$$

$$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x - 18}{7}$$

$$15) \ f(x) = -x + 3$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = -x + 3$$

$$14) \ f(x) = x + 3$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = x - 3$$

$$16) \ f(x) = 4x$$

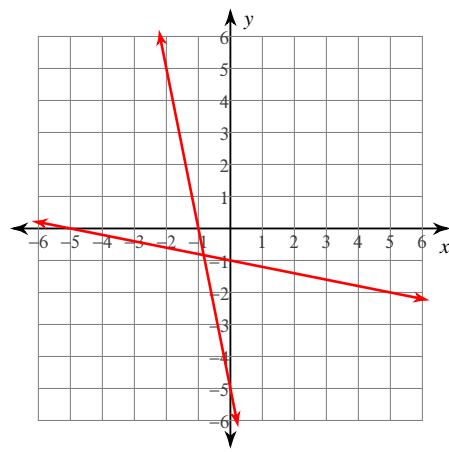
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x}{4}$$

**Find the inverse of each function. Then graph the function and its inverse.**

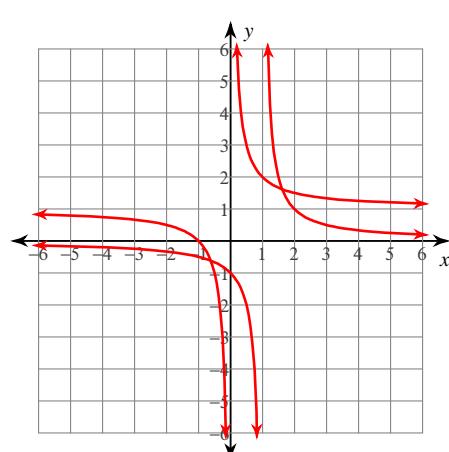
$$17) \ f(x) = -1 - \frac{1}{5}x$$

$$18) \ g(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = -5x - 5$$



$$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 1$$



$$19) \ f(x) = -2x^3 + 1$$

$$20) \ g(x) = \frac{-x - 5}{3}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{-x + 1}{2}}$$

$$g^{-1}(x) = -3x - 5$$

