

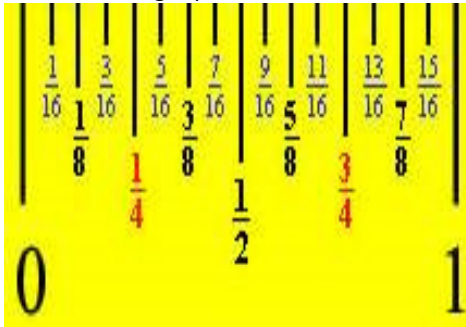
1 | Survival Guide

DAY 1 – MEASURING

1. Where Will You See Imperial Units Used?

- _____ House floor plans are still calculated in sq. feet, not sq. metres
- _____ Wood lengths (ie. a “two-by-four” is a piece of wood that is 2 inches thick and 4 inches wide)
- _____ How many of us know our height in feet and inches (ie. 5’ 3”) versus centimetres?

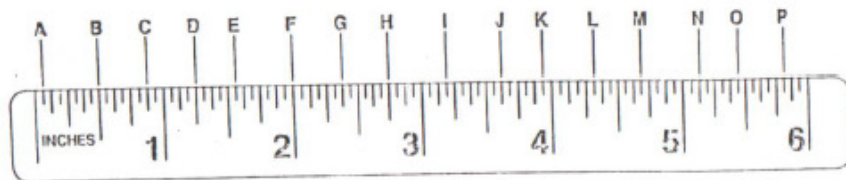
2. Record equivalent fractions to help you understand how to use the measuring tape



When performing conversions how do you decide which ratio to multiply by?

3.

Read the indicated measures on the ruler below. It measures lengths up to 6” to the nearest 16th inch. **Hint:** All measures are reduced to lowest terms.



- A. _____ B. _____ C. _____ D. _____
- E. _____ F. _____ G. _____ H. _____

Unit 7 – Measurement

Name: _____

CONVERTING BETWEEN UNITS

Type:	_____	_____	_____
Imperial Unit abbreviations	Inch _____ or _____	Teaspoon _____	Ounce _____
	Foot _____ or _____	Tablespoon _____	Pound _____
	Yard _____	Fluid ounce _____	Ton _____
	Mile _____	Cup _____	
		Pint _____	
		Quart _____	
		Gallon _____	

Temperature
 $^{\circ}\text{C} = \frac{5}{9}(\text{F} - 32)$
 $^{\circ}\text{F} = 1.8\text{C} + 32$

Conversion for Imperial only	12 in = 1 ft 3 ft = 1 yd 1760 yd = 1 mi	16 tbsp = 1 c 16 fl oz = 1 pt 2 pt = 1 qt 8 pt = 1 gal	16oz = 1lb 2000 lb = 1 ton
Conversion Between both	30.48 cm = 1 ft 2.54 cm = 1 in 1.6 km = 1 mi	15 mL = 1 tbsp 29.57 mL = 1 fl oz 0.473 L = 1 pt 3.785 L = 1 gal 1L = 4 c	28.35 g = 1 oz 454 g = 1 lb 0.454 kg = 1 lb 0.9 t = 1 ton (US)
Conversion for Metric only	10 mm = 1 cm 100 cm = 1 m 1000 m = 1 km	1000 mL = 1 L	1000 g = 1 kg 1000 kg = 1 t

Metric Unit abbreviations	Millimeter _____	Millilitre _____	Gram _____
	Centimeter _____	Litre _____	Kilogram _____
	Meter _____		
	Kilometer _____		

1 year = 365 days 1 day = 24 hours 1 hour = 60 min 1 min = 60 sec

4.

The weather forecast calls for 12 cm of snow. How many inches can you expect?

5.

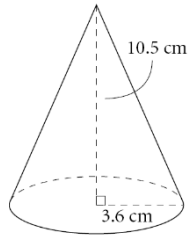
Joe is travelling in the United States. A road sign indicates he is 228 mi from his destination. How many kilometres is Joe from his destination?

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DAY 3 – USING FORMULAS

Find surface area and volume

1.



Recording units for
LENGTH

AREA

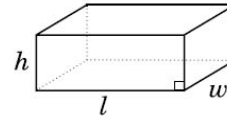
VOLUME

Unit 7 – Measurement

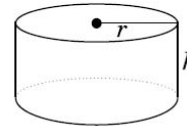
Name: _____

DRAW NETS

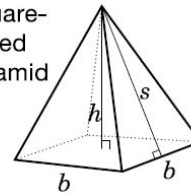
Rectangular prism



Cylinder



Square-based pyramid

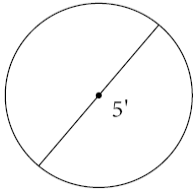


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DAY 4 – MORE USING FORMULAS

Find area and perimeter

1.

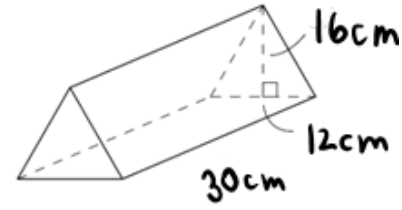


Unit 7 – Measurement


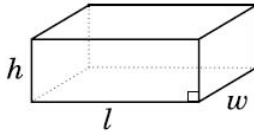
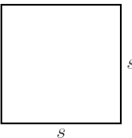
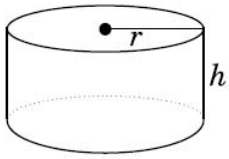
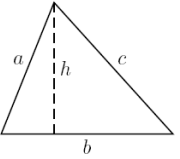
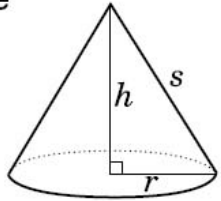
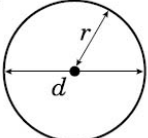
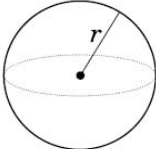
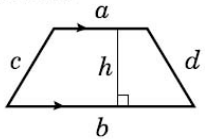
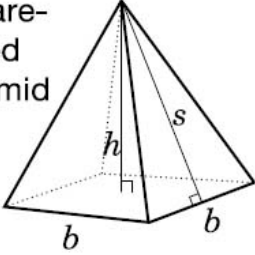
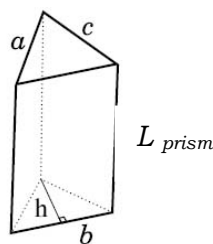
Name: _____

Find surface area and volume

2.



Formulas for all shapes

<p>Rectangle</p> 	$P = 2(l + w)$ $A = lw$	<p>Rectangular prism</p> 	$SA = 2lw + 2lh + 2wh$ $V = l \times w \times h$
<p>Square</p> 	$P = 4s$ $A = s^2$	<p>Cylinder</p> 	$SA = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$ $V = \pi r^2 h$
<p>Triangle</p> 	$P = a + b + c$ $A = \frac{bh}{2}$	<p>Cone</p> 	$SA = \pi r^2 + \pi rs$ $V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$
<p>Circle</p> 	$C = 2\pi r$ $A = \pi r^2$	<p>Sphere</p> 	$SA = 4\pi r^2$ $V = \frac{4\pi r^3}{3}$
<p>Trapezoid</p> 	$P = a + b + c + d$ $A = \frac{h}{2}(a + b)$	<p>Square-based pyramid</p> 	<p><i>SA = add Areas of all shapes when unfolded</i></p> $V = \frac{l \times w \times h}{3}$
		<p>Triangular prism</p> 	<p><i>SA = add Areas of all shapes when unfolded</i></p> $V = \frac{b_{tri} \times h_{tri}}{2} \times L_{prism}$ $V = \left(\frac{bh}{2}\right)(L)$

Conversion Chart

	LENGTH	VOLUME	MASS
Conversion for Imperial only	12 in = 1 ft 3 ft = 1 yd 1760 yd = 1 mi	16 tbsp = 1 c 16 fl oz = 1 pt 2 pt = 1 qt 8 pt = 1 gal	16oz = 1lb 2000 lb = 1ton
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